

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 32:2268 (December 2006).

§11713. Mitigation of Responsibility

A. The commissioner may order:

1. an insurer to take reasonably appropriate corrective action for any consumer harmed by the insurer's, or by its insurance producer's, violation of this regulation;

2. an insurance producer to take reasonably appropriate corrective action for any consumer harmed by the insurance producer's violation of this regulation; and

3. a general agency or independent agency that employs or contracts with an insurance producer to sell, or solicit the sale of annuities to consumers, to take reasonably appropriate corrective action for any consumer harmed by the insurance producer's violation of this regulation.

B. Any applicable penalty under R.S. 22:1217 for a violation of Section 11711.A.B or C.2 of this regulation may be reduced or eliminated if corrective action for the consumer was taken promptly after a violation was discovered.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 22:3 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 32:2269 (December 2006).

§11715. Recordkeeping

A. Insurers, general agents, independent agencies and insurance producers shall maintain or be able to make available to the commissioner records of the information collected from the consumer and other information used in making the recommendations that were the basis for insurance transactions for 3 years after the insurance transaction is completed by the insurer. An insurer is permitted, but shall not be required, to maintain documentation on behalf of an insurance producer.

B. Records required to be maintained by this regulation may be maintained in paper, photographic, microprocess, magnetic, mechanical or electronic media or by any process that accurately reproduces the actual document.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 22:3 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 32:2270 (December 2006).

§11717. Severability

A. If any provision or item of this regulation, or the application thereof, is held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions, items, or applications of the regulation, which can be given effect without the invalid provisions, item, or application.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 22:3 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 32:2270 (December 2006).

Chapter 119. Regulation Number 91—The Recognition of Preferred Mortality Tables for Use in Determining Minimum Reserve Liabilities

§11901. Authority

A. This regulation is promulgated by the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant to authority granted under the Louisiana Insurance Code, Title 22, §22:1 et seq., particularly the Standard Valuation Law, see Title 22, §163.B.(1)(a) and Subsections 10909.A and B of Regulation 85.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.22:3, 22:163, 22:168 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 33:464 (March 2007).

§11903. Purpose

A. The purpose of this regulation is to recognize, permit and prescribe the use of mortality tables that reflect differences in mortality between preferred and standard lives in determining minimum reserve liabilities in accordance with Title 22, §163.B.(1)(a) and Subsections 10909.A and B of Regulation 85.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.22:3, 22:163, 22:168 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 33:464 (March 2007).

§11905. Definitions

A. For purposes of this regulation:

2001 CSO Mortality Table—that mortality table, consisting of separate rates of mortality for male and female lives, developed by the American Academy of Actuaries CSO Task Force from the Valuation Basic Mortality Table developed by the Society of Actuaries Individual Life Insurance Valuation Mortality Task Force, and adopted by the NAIC in December 2002. The 2001 CSO Mortality Table is included in the *Proceedings of the NAIC* (2nd Quarter 2002) and supplemented by the 2001 CSO Preferred Class Structure Mortality Table defined below in Subsection B. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the "2001 CSO Mortality Table" includes both the ultimate form of that table and the select and ultimate form of that table and includes both the smoker and nonsmoker mortality tables and the composite mortality tables. It also includes both the age-nearest-birthday and age-last-birthday bases of the mortality tables. Mortality tables in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table include the following.

2001 CSO Mortality Table (F)—that mortality table consisting of the rates of mortality for female lives from the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

2001 CSO Mortality Table (M)—that mortality table consisting of the rates of mortality for male lives from the 2001 CSO Mortality Table.

Composite Mortality Tables—mortality tables with rates of mortality that do not distinguish between smokers and nonsmokers.

Smoker and Nonsmoker Mortality Tables—mortality tables with separate rates of mortality for smokers and nonsmokers.

B. 2001 CSO Preferred Class Structure Mortality Table—mortality tables with separate rates of mortality for Super Preferred Nonsmokers, Preferred Nonsmokers, Residual Standard Nonsmokers, Preferred Smokers, and Residual Standard Smoker splits of the 2001 CSO Nonsmoker and Smoker tables as adopted by the NAIC at the September 2006 national meeting and published in the *NAIC Proceedings* (Third Quarter 2006). Unless the context indicates otherwise, the "2001 CSO Preferred Class Structure Mortality Table" includes both the ultimate form of that table and the select and ultimate form of that table. It includes both the smoker and nonsmoker mortality tables. It includes both the male and female mortality tables and the gender composite mortality tables. It also includes both the age-nearest-birthday and age-last-birthday bases of the mortality table.

C. Statistical Agent—an entity with proven systems for protecting the confidentiality of individual insured and insurer information; demonstrated resources for and history of ongoing electronic communications and data transfer ensuring data integrity with insurers, which are its members or subscribers; and a history of and means for aggregation of data and accurate promulgation of the experience modifications in a timely manner.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.22:3, 22:163, 22:168 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 33:464 (March 2007).

§11907. 2001 CSO Preferred Class Structure Table

A. At the election of the company, for each calendar year of issue, for any one or more specified plans of insurance and subject to satisfying the conditions stated in this regulation, the 2001 CSO Preferred Class Structure Mortality Table may be substituted in place of the 2001 CSO Smoker or Nonsmoker Mortality Table as the minimum valuation standard for policies issued on or after January 1, 2007. No such election shall be made until the company demonstrates at least 20 percent of the business to be valued on this table is in one or more of the preferred classes. A table from the 2001 CSO Preferred Class Structure Mortality Table used in place of a 2001 CSO Mortality Table, pursuant to the requirements of this rule, will be treated as part of the 2001 CSO Mortality Table only for purposes of reserve

valuation pursuant to the requirements of the NAIC model regulation, "Recognition of the 2001 CSO Mortality Table for Use in Determining Minimum Reserve Liabilities and Nonforfeiture Benefits Model Regulation."

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.22:3, 22:163, 22:168 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 33:465 (March 2007).

§11909. Conditions

A. For each plan of insurance with separate rates for preferred and standard nonsmoker lives, an insurer may use the super preferred nonsmoker, preferred nonsmoker, and residual standard nonsmoker tables to substitute for the nonsmoker mortality table found in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table to determine minimum reserves. At the time of election and annually thereafter, except for business valued under the residual standard nonsmoker table, the appointed actuary shall certify that:

1. the present value of death benefits over the next 10 years after the valuation date, using the anticipated mortality experience without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date for each class, is less than the present value of death benefits using the valuation basic table corresponding to the valuation table being used for that class;

2. the present value of death benefits over the future life of the contracts, using anticipated mortality experience without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date for each class, is less than the present value of death benefits using the valuation basic table corresponding to the valuation table being used for that class.

B. For each plan of insurance with separate rates for preferred and standard smoker lives, an insurer may use the preferred smoker and residual standard smoker tables to substitute for the smoker mortality table found in the 2001 CSO Mortality Table to determine minimum reserves. At the time of election and annually thereafter, for business valued under the preferred smoker table, the appointed actuary shall certify that:

1. the present value of death benefits over the next 10 years after the valuation date, using the anticipated mortality experience without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date for each class, is less than the present value of death benefits using the preferred smoker valuation basic table corresponding to the valuation table being used for that class;

2. the present value of death benefits over the future life of the contracts, using anticipated mortality experience without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date for each class, is less than the present value of death benefits using the preferred smoker valuation basic table.

C. Unless exempted by the commissioner, every authorized insurer using the 2001 CSO Preferred Class Structure Table shall annually file with the commissioner,

with the NAIC, or with a statistical agent designated by the NAIC and acceptable to the commissioner, statistical reports showing mortality and such other information as the commissioner may deem necessary or expedient for the administration of the provisions of this regulation. The form of the reports shall be established by the commissioner or the commissioner may require the use of a form established by the NAIC or by a statistical agent designated by the NAIC and acceptable to the commissioner.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.22:3, 22:163, 22:168 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 33:465 (March 2007).

§11911. Separability

A. If any provision of this regulation or its application to any person or circumstance is for any reason held to be invalid, the remainder of the regulation and the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.22:3, 22:163, 22:168 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 33:466 (March 2007).

§11913. Effective Date

A. This regulation shall become effective on the date of its final publication in the *Louisiana Register*.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.22:3, 22:163, 22:168 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Insurance, Office of the Commissioner, LR 33:466 (March 2007).

Chapter 121. Regulation 87— Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation Producer Binding Requirements

§12101. Purpose

A. The purpose of Regulation 87 is to establish standards, guidelines, and requirements for licensed and qualified insurance producers to have binding authority to write applications of property and casualty insurance for the FAIR Plan and the Coastal Plan issued by the Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation. Regulation 87 also sets forth standards and procedures regarding the application process for use by such insurance producers.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 22:1430.22 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, LR 33:1872 (September 2007).

§12103. Authority

A. Regulation 87 is promulgated by the Board of Directors of the Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance

Corporation, pursuant to the authority granted under the Louisiana Insurance Code, Title 22, R.S. 22:1430.22.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 22:1430.22 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, LR 33:1872 (September 2007).

§12105. Applicability and Scope

A. Regulation 87 applies to all insurance producers who are duly licensed by the Louisiana Department of Insurance to sell property and casualty insurance, are engaged in and transact the business of insurance in the state of Louisiana, have applied to the Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation and have met the qualifications for binding authority.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 22:1430.22 and the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, LR 33:1872 (September 2007).

§12107. Definitions

A. For the purposes of Regulation 87, the following terms shall have the meaning or definition as indicated herein.

Binding Authority—the ability of a duly licensed insurance producer, who has adequate errors and omission insurance, and has completed a training course offered by Citizens, to issue a policy of property and casualty insurance in the FAIR Plan and Coastal Plan that imposes liability upon Citizens. A licensed producer must meet all requirements for binding authority set forth in Regulation 87 and must have applied to and have been authorized by Citizens to qualify for binding authority.

Citizens (when capitalized)—the Louisiana Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, and includes the residual market insurance programs known as the "Coastal Plan" and the "FAIR Plan."

Coastal Plan—the successor to that program established by Act 35 of the 1970 Regular Session to provide a residual market for adequate insurance on property in the coastal areas of the state, now available as a program of Citizens.

Commissioner—the Commissioner of Insurance of the Louisiana Department of Insurance.

Department—the Louisiana Department of Insurance.

FAIR Plan—the successor to that program established by Act 424 of the 1992 Regular Session, and designated as the "Fair Access to Insurance Requirements Plan" to provide a residual market for adequate insurance on property in the state, now available as a program of Citizens.

Insurance Producer—a person required to be licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance, and includes all persons or business entities otherwise referred to in the Louisiana Insurance Code as "insurance agent" or "agent," or "insurance broker" or